

## Creatine Kinase-BB (CK-BB) Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone 2ba6]

Catalog No	Format	Size
1152-MSM1-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	20 ug
1152-MSM1-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	100 ug
1152-MSM1-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide at 1.0mg/ml	100 ug

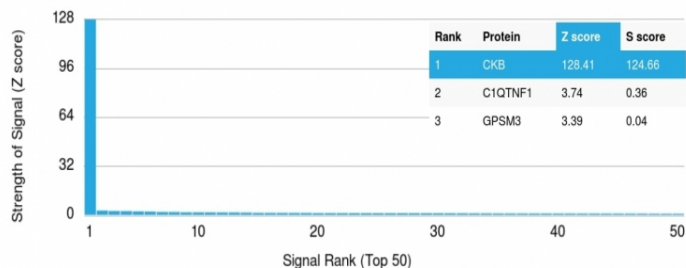
Applications	Tested Dillution	Note
Flow Cytometry (Flow)	1-2ug/million cells	
Immunofluorescence (IF)	1-3ug/ml	
Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	1-2ug/ml	30 min at RT. Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes

### Product Details

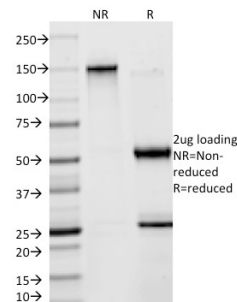
Clone	2ba6
Gene Name	CKB
Immunogen	Human CKBB protein
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG1 / Kappa
Mol. Weight of Antigen	43kDa (Monomer); 86kDa (Dimer)
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasm, Cytosol, Mitochondrion
Species Reactivity	Human
Positive Control	Cerebellum.

\*Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

### Product Images for Creatine Kinase-BB (CK-BB) Antibody



Analysis of Protein Array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using Creatine Kinase-B (CKB) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (2ba6). Z- and S- Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (Monoclonal Antibody) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt™ array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProt™ are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a Monoclonal Antibody to its intended target. A Monoclonal Antibody is considered to be specific to its intended target, if the Monoclonal Antibody has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a Monoclonal Antibody binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that Monoclonal Antibody to protein X is equal to 29.



SDS-PAGE Analysis of Purified Creatine Kinase-BB (CKBB) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (2ba6). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.

### **Specificity & Comments**

The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProt™ Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProt Array containing more than 19,000 full-length, correctly-folded human proteins. Creatine kinases (CK) are a large family of isoenzymes that regulate levels of ATP in subcellular compartments, where they provide ATP at sites of fluctuating energy demand by the transfer of phosphates between creatine and adenine nucleotides. CKs provide the energy of phosphate hydrolysis necessary to drive the normal function of many cellular systems. In cells, the cytosolic CK enzymes consist of two subunits, which can be either B (brain type) or M (muscle type). There are three different isoenzymes: CKMM, CKBB and CKMB. This MAbs recognizes the CKBB isoenzyme and does not react with the B subunit in CKMB. It shows minimal reactivity with other human serum proteins.

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### **Limitations and Warranty**

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

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### **Supplied As**

200ug/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

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### **Storage and Stability**

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

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### **Research Areas**

Cardiovascular, Signal Transduction

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