

Catenin, beta (p120) Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone CTNNB1/1509]

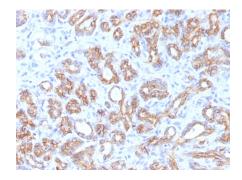
Catalog No	Format	Size
1499-MSM9-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	20 ug
1499-MSM9-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	100 ug
1499-MSM9-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA at 1.0mg/ml	100 ug

Applications	Tested Dillution	Note
Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	1-2ug/ml	30 min at RT. Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes

Product Details		
Clone	CTNNB1/1509	
Gene Name	CTNNB1	
Immunogen	Recombinant human beta-Catenin (p120) protein fragment	
Host	Mouse	
Clonality	Monoclonal	
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG1 / Kappa	
Mol. Weight of Antigen	92kDa	
Cellular Localization	Adherens junction, Cell junction, Cell membrane, Centrosome, Cilium basal body, Cytoplasm, Cytoskeleton, Microtubule organizing center, Nucleus, Spindle pole, Synapse	
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat	
Positive Control	HeLa or MCF-7 cells. Breast carcinoma.	

^{*}Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

Product Images for Catenin, beta (p120) Antibody

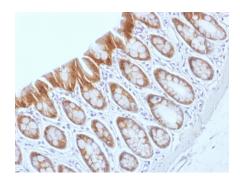


Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Pancreas stained with Beta-Catenin (p120) Monoclonal Antibody (CTNNB1/1509).

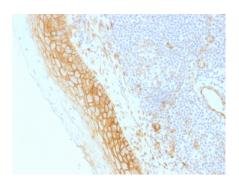


Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded Mouse Colon stained with Beta-Catenin (p120) Monoclonal Antibody (CTNNB1/1509).





Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded Rat Colon stained with Beta-Catenin (p120) Monoclonal Antibody (CTNNB1/1509).



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with Beta-Catenin (p120) Monoclonal Antibody (CTNNB1/1509).

Specificity & Comments

Beta-catenin associates with the cytoplasmic portion of E-cadherin, which is necessary for the function of E-cadherin as an adhesion molecule. In normal tissues, beta-catenin is localized to the membrane of epithelial cells, consistent with its role in the cell adhesion complex. In breast ductal neoplasia, beta-catenin is usually localized in cellular membranes. However, in lobular neoplasia, a marked redistribution of beta-catenin throughout the cytoplasm results in a diffuse cytoplasmic pattern. Immuno-staining of beta-catenin and E-cadherin is helps in the accurate identification of ductal and lobular neoplasms, including a distinction between low-grade ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) and lobular carcinoma. Additionally, some rectal and gastric adenocarcinomas demonstrate diffuse cytoplasmic beta-catenin staining and a lack of membranous staining, mimicking the staining pattern observed with lobular breast carcinomas.

Supplied As

200ug/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

Research Areas

Apoptosis, Autophagy, Breast Cancer, Cancer, Cardiovascular, Developmental Biology, Immunology, Basal Cell Marker, BBB VCAM-1 Signaling, Colon Cancer, Infectious Disease, Signal Transduction, Transcription Factors

Limitations and Warranty

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

