

DAXX (Transcriptional Corepressor) Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone PCRP-DAXX-6A8]

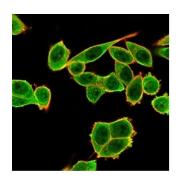
Catalog No	Format	Size
1616-MSM9-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	20 ug
1616-MSM9-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	100 ug
1616-MSM9-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide at 1.0mg/ml	100 ug

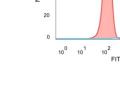
Applications	Tested Dillution	Note
Flow Cytometry (Flow)	1-2ug/million cells	
Immunofluorescence (IF)	1-3ug/ml	
Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	1-2ug/ml	30 min at RT. Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes

Product Details		
Clone	PCRP-DAXX-6A8	
Gene Name	DAXX	
Immunogen	Recombinant full-length human DAXX protein	
Host	Mouse	
Clonality	Monoclonal	
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG2c	
Mol. Weight of Antigen	81.37kDa	
Cellular Localization	Centromere, Chromosome, Cytoplasm, Nucleolus, Nucleoplasm, Nucleus, PML body	
Species Reactivity	Human	
Positive Control	HeLa or U87 cells. Ubiquitous tissue expression.	

^{*}Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

Product Images for DAXX (Transcriptional Corepressor) Antibody

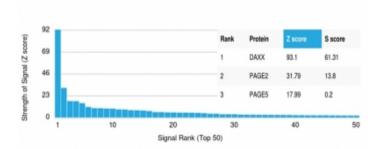


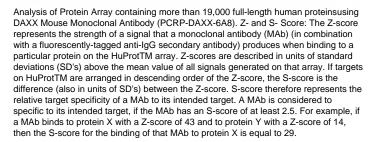


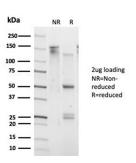
100

Immunofluorescence analysis of PFA-fixed HeLa cells. DAXX Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (PCRP-DAXX-6A8) followed by goat anti-mouse IgG-CF488 (green). CF640A phalloidin (red).

Flow cytometric analysis of PFA-fixed HeLa cells. DAXX Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (PCRP-DAXX-6A8) followed by goat anti-mouse IgG-CF488 (blue), unstained cells (red).







SDS-PAGE Analysis of Purified DAXX Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (PCRP-DAXX-6A8). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.

Specificity & Comments

This gene encodes a multifunctional protein that resides in multiple locations in the nucleus and in the cytoplasm. It interacts with a wide variety of proteins, such as apoptosis antigen Fas, centromere protein C, and transcription factor erythroblastosis virus E26 oncogene homolog 1. In the nucleus, the encoded protein functions as a potent transcription repressor that binds to sumoylated transcription factors. Its repression can be relieved by the sequestration of this protein into promyelocytic leukemia nuclear bodies or nucleoli. This protein also associates with centromeres in G2 phase. In the cytoplasm, the encoded protein may function to regulate apoptosis. The subcellular localization and function of this protein are modulated by post-translational modifications, including sumoylation, phosphorylation and polyubiquitination. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

Supplied As

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8 °C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80 °C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

Research Areas

Apoptosis, Autophagy, Infectious Disease, MAPK Signaling, Transcription Factors

Limitations and Warranty

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

