

Recombinant ERG (Vascular Endothelial & Prostate Marker) Antibody

Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ERG/22R]

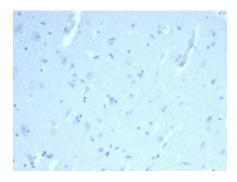
Catalog No	Format	Size
2078-RBM2-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	20 ug
2078-RBM2-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	100 ug
2078-RBM2-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide at 1.0mg/ml	100 ug

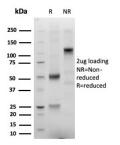
Applications	Tested Dillution	Note
Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	1-2ug/ml	30 min at RT. Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes

Product Details		
Clone	ERG/22R	
Gene Name	ERG	
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide corresponding to residues within aa450 to C-terminus of ERG was used as an immunogen	
Host	Rabbit	
Clonality	Monoclonal	
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG / Kappa	
Mol. Weight of Antigen	55kDa	
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasm, Nucleus	
Species Reactivity	Human	
Positive Control	Ewing sarcoma or prostate adenocarcinoma tissues., Human tonsil	

^{*}Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

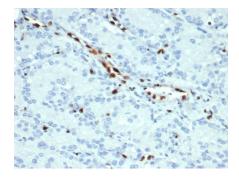
Product Images for Recombinant ERG (Vascular Endothelial & Prostate Marker) Antibody





Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human brain. Negative tissue controlstained with ERG/22R at 1ug/ml for 30 min at RT. HIER: Tris/EDTA pH 9; 95°C/45min. 2°CAb: HRP-Polymer:30mins; DAB:5min.

SDS-PAGE Analysis. Purified ERG Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody (ERG/22R). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human prostate tissue stained with ERG Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody (ERG/22R) at 1ug/ml. HIER: Tris/EDTA pH 9; 95°C/45min. 2°CAb: HRP-Polymer:30mins; DAB:5min.

Specificity & Comments

ERG (ETS-related gene) is a proto-oncogene, a member of the ETS family of transcription factors. The ERG gene encodes for a nuclear protein, also called ERG, which is involved in hematopoietic and endothelial development. ERG remains constitually expressed in endothelial cells in blood and lymphatic vessels, and in bone marrow stem cells. ERG is expressed in virtually all endothelial neoplasms including hemangioendothelioma, angiosarcoma and Kaposi sarcoma. ERG is overexpressed secondary to gene rearrangement in cases of prostate adenocarcinoma, gastrointestinal stromal tumor, synovial sarcoma, meningioma, epithelioid sarcoma, malignant rhabdoid tumor, acute myeloid leukemia and blastic extramedullary myeloid tumor, and rarely Ewing sarcoma / primitive peripheral neuroectodermal tumor, chondrosarcoma, osteosarcoma, and rhabdomyosarcoma. For the identification of endothelial differentiation ERG seems more sensitive and specific than any other marker. Moreover, the interpretation is often easier due to the nuclear reaction, which also allows for double stains with cytoplasmic markers like podoplanin. Among carcinomas, ERG is highly specific for prostate, while the sensitivity is moderate.

Supplied As

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.Storage and StabilityAntibody with azide - store at 2 to 8 °C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80 °C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Nonhazardous. No MSDS required. Known Applications & Suggested DilutionsImmunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95 °C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes)Optimal dilution for a should be determined. Specificity application CommentsERG (ETS-related gene) is a proto-oncogene, a member of the ETS family of transcription factors. The ERG gene encodes for a nuclear protein, also called ERG, which is involved in hematopoietic and endothelial development. ERG remains constitually expressed in endothelial cells in blood and lymphatic vessels, and in bone marrow stem cells. ERG is expressed in virtually all endothelial neoplasms including hemangioendothelioma, angiosarcoma and Kaposi sarcoma. ERG is overexpressed secondary to gene rearrangement in cases of prostate adenocarcinoma, gastrointestinal stromal tumor, synovial sarcoma, meningioma, epithelioid sarcoma, malignant rhabdoid tumor, acute myeloid leukemia and blastic extramedullary myeloid tumor, and rarely Ewing sarcoma / primitive peripheral neuroectodermal tumor, chondrosarcoma, osteosarcoma, and rhabdomyosarcoma. For the identification of endothelial differentiation ERG seems more sensitive and specific than any other marker. Moreover, the interpretation is often easier due to the nuclear reaction, which also allows for double stains with cytoplasmic markers like podoplanin. Among carcinomas, ERG is highly specific for prostate, while the sensitivity is moderate.LimitationsThis antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis. WarrantyThere are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product. Key ReferencesMiettinen M. Histopathology. 2014 Jan;64(1):101-18.Stockman DL, Mod Pathol. 2014 Apr;27(4):496-501.

Storage and Stability

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Research Areas

Endothelial Cell Marker, Nuclear Marker

Limitations and Warranty

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

