

# HIF1 alpha (Hypoxia-Inducible Factor 1-alpha) Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ESEE122]

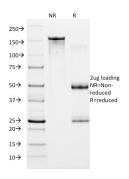
Catalog No	Format	Size
3091-MSM2-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	20 ug
3091-MSM2-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	100 ug
3091-MSM2-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide at 1.0mg/ml	100 ug

Applications	Tested Dillution	Note
Flow Cytometry (Flow)	1-2ug/million cells	
Immunofluorescence (IF)	1-3ug/ml	

Product Details		
Clone	ESEE122	
Gene Name	HIF1A	
Immunogen	GST-human HIF-1A amino acids 329-530 fusion protein	
Host	Mouse	
Clonality	Monoclonal	
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG1 / Kappa	
Mol. Weight of Antigen	92-110kDa	
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasm, Nucleus, Nucleus speckle	
Species Reactivity	Cow, Dog, Human, Mouse, Rat	
Positive Control	Breast or Bladder Carcinomas., Cobalt chloride treated HeLa cells. Colon, Renal	

<sup>\*</sup>Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

## Product Images for HIF1 alpha (Hypoxia-Inducible Factor 1-alpha) Antibody



SDS-PAGE Analysis of Purified HIF1 alpha Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (ESEE122). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.



#### **Specificity & Comments**

HIF1 (hypoxia-inducible factor 1), a heterodimeric transcription factor complex central to cellular response to hypoxia, consists of two subunits (HIF-1 alpha and HIF-1 beta) which are basic helixloop-helix proteins of the PAS (Per, ARNT, Sim) family. Expression of HIF-1 alpha protein is regulated by cellular oxygen level alterations as well as in oxygen-independent manner via different cytokines (through the PI3K-AKT-mTOR pathway), growth factors, oncogenic activation, or loss of tumor suppressor function etc. In normoxic cells, HIF-1 alpha is proline hydroxylated leading to a conformational change that promotes its binding to the VLH (von Hippel Lindau) protein E3 ligase complex; ubiquitination and followed by rapid proteasomal degradation. Hypoxia as well as chemical hydroxylase inhibitors (desferrioxamine, cobalt etc.) inhibit HIF-1 alpha degradation and lead to its accumulation in the cells, whereas, contrastingly, HIF-1 beta/ARNT (AhR nuclear translocator) remains stable under both conditions. Besides their critical role in hypoxic response, HIF1s regulates the transcription of genes responsible for angiogenesis, erythropoiesis/iron-metabolism, glucose metabolism, cell proliferation/survival, adipogenesis, carotid body formation, B lymphocyte development and immune reactions.

#### **Supplied As**

200ug/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

### Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **Research Areas**

Cardiovascular, Immunology, Angiogenesis, Cytokine Signaling, Nuclear Marker, Signal Transduction

## **Limitations and Warranty**

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

