

# MLH1 (MutL Homolog 1) Antibody

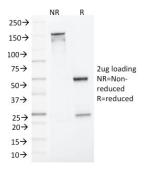
Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone MLH1/1324]

Catalog No	Format	Size
4292-MSM2-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	20 ug
4292-MSM2-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	100 ug
4292-MSM2-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide at 1.0mg/ml	100 ug

Applications	Tested Dillution Note	
Product Details		
Clone	MLH1/1324	
Gene Name	MLH1	
Immunogen	Recombinant human MLH1 protein	
Host	Mouse	
Clonality	Monoclonal	
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG2b / Kappa	
Mol. Weight of Antigen	85kDa	
Cellular Localization	Chromosome, Nucleus	
Species Reactivity	Human	
Positive Control	Breast, HeLa or Jurkat cells, Lymph node or Colon, Lung, Molt-4, prostate or thyroid carcinoma., Testis	

<sup>\*</sup>Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

### Product Images for MLH1 (MutL Homolog 1) Antibody



SDS-PAGE Analysis of Purified MLH1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (MLH1/1324). Confirmation of Integrity and Purity of Antibody



#### **Specificity & Comments**

This MAb recognizes a protein of 83kDa, identified as MLH1. Defects in MLH1 are the cause of hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer type 2 (HNPCC2). Heterodimerizes with PMS2 to form MutL alpha, a component of the post-replicative DNA mismatch repair system (MMR). DNA repair is initiated by MutS alpha (MSH2-MSH6) or MutS beta (MSH2-MSH6) binding to a dsDNA mismatch, then MutL alpha is recruited to the heteroduplex. Assembly of the MutL-MutS-heteroduplex ternary complex in presence of RFC and PCNA is sufficient to activate endonuclease activity of PMS2. It introduces single-strand breaks near the mismatch and thus generates new entry points for the exonuclease EXO1 to degrade the strand containing the mismatch. DNA methylation would prevent cleavage and therefore assure that only the newly mutated DNA strand is going to be corrected. MutL alpha (MLH1-PMS2) interacts physically with the clamp loader subunits of DNA polymerase III, suggesting that it may play a role to recruit the DNA polymerase III to the site of the MMR. Also implicated in DNA damage signaling, a process, which induces cell cycle arrest and can lead to apoptosis in case of major DNA damages. Heterodimerizes with MLH3 to form MutL gamma, which plays a role in meiosis.

#### **Supplied As**

200ug/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

#### Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **Research Areas**

Colon Cancer, Infectious Disease, Nuclear Marker, Transcription Factors

## **Limitations and Warranty**

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

