

HSV1 (Herpes Simplex Virus Type I) Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone HSVI/2095]

Catalog No	Format	Size
MSM5-2095-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	20 ug
MSM5-2095-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	100 ug
MSM5-2095-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide at 1.0mg/ml	100 ug

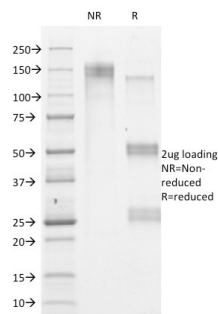
Applications	Tested Dillution	Note
Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	1-2ug/ml	30 min at RT. Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes

Product Details

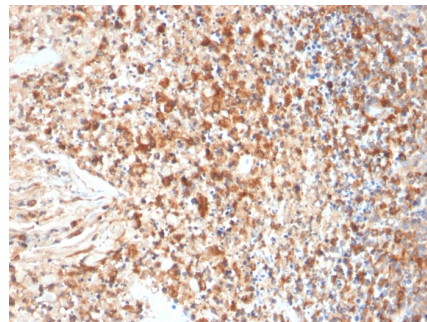
Clone	HSVI/2095
Gene Name	N/A
Immunogen	Baculovirus-expressed HSV DNA polymerase (POL) and POL/UL42 complex
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG1 / Kappa
Mol. Weight of Antigen	61kDa
Cellular Localization	N/A
Species Reactivity	HSV1
Positive Control	HSV1 infected cells. Tissue.

*Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

Product Images for HSV1 (Herpes Simplex Virus Type I) Antibody



SDS-PAGE Analysis of Purified HSVI Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (HSVI/2095). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Cervix stained with HSVI Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (HSVI/2095).

Specificity & Comments

The antibody reacts with HSV type 1 specific antigen. It is suitable for detection of HSV in human cellular material obtained from superficial lesions or biopsies and for the early identification of HSV in infected tissue cultures. The herpes simplex virus (HSV) (also known as cold sore, night fever or fever blister) is a virus that causes a contagious disease. There are two main types of Herpes Simplex Virus (HSV), 1 and 2. The HSV-1 strain generally appears in the orofacial organs. HSV2 usually resides in the sacral ganglion at the base of the spine. All herpes viruses are morphologically identical: they have a large double-stranded DNA genome and the virion consists of an icosahedral nucleocapsid, which is surrounded by a lipid bilayer envelope. UL42, the processivity subunit of the HSV-1 DNA polymerase binds DNA as a monomer and is essential for the replication of the virus. UL42 reduces the rate of dissociation from primer-template DNA, but it does not reduce the rate of elongation. UL42 increases the ability of UL9 to load onto DNA, thus increasing its assembly into a functional complex that is capable of unwinding duplex DNA.

Limitations and Warranty

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

Supplied As

200ug/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.
