

Neuronal-Nuclei (NeuN) (Neuronal Marker) Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone NEUN/7167]

Catalog No	Format	Size
146713-MSM7-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	20 ug
146713-MSM7-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	100 ug
146713-MSM7-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide at 1.0mg/ml	100 ug

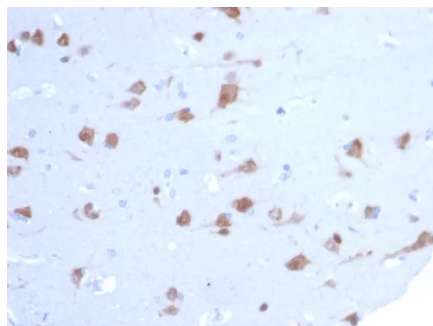
Applications	Tested Dillution	Note
Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	1-2ug/ml	30 min at RT. Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes

Product Details

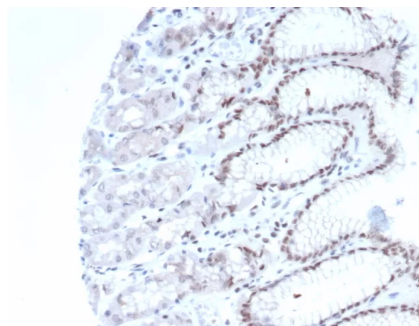
Clone	NEUN/7167
Gene Name	RBFOX3
Immunogen	Recombinant fragment (around aa1-200) of human RBFOX3 (NeuN) protein (exact sequence is proprietary)
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG2b / Kappa
Mol. Weight of Antigen	48kDa
Cellular Localization	Nucleus. Cytoplasm.
Species Reactivity	Human
Positive Control	Human brain. HeLa cells.

*Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

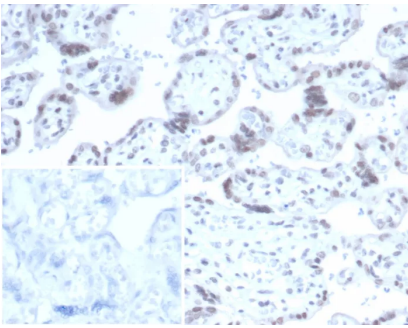
Product Images for Neuronal-Nuclei (NeuN) (Neuronal Marker) Antibody



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human brain stained with NeuN Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (NEUN/7167). HIER: Tris/EDTA, pH9.0, 45min. 2°C: HRP-polymer, 30min. DAB, 5min.



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human stomach stained with NeuN Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (NEUN/7167). HIER: Tris/EDTA, pH9.0, 45min. 2°C: HRP-polymer, 30min. DAB, 5min.



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human placenta stained with NeuN Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (NEUN/7167). Inset: PBS instead of primary antibody; secondary only negative control.

Specificity & Comments

NeuN antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron from the cell cycle and/or with the initiation of terminal differentiation of the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function; however, no evidence currently exists as to whether the NeuN protein antigen has a function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.

Limitations and Warranty

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

Supplied As

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

Research Areas

Neuroscience, Transcription Factors