

# **DNA-RNA Hybrid Antibody**

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone S9.6]

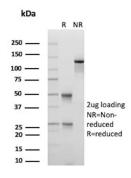
Catalog No	Format	Size
MSM1-2006-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	20 ug
MSM1-2006-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	100 ug
MSM1-2006-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide at 1.0mg/ml	100 ug

Applications	Tested Dillution	Note
Flow Cytometry (Flow)	1-2ug/million cells	We did not test in flow cytometry in-house, information comes from publications
Immunofluorescence (IF)	1-3ug/ml	We did not test in Immunofluorescence in-house, information comes from publications

Product Details		
Clone	S9.6	
Gene Name		
Immunogen	DNA-RNA heteropolymer duplex prepared by transcription of phi X174 single-stranded DNA with DNA-dependent RNA polymerase	
Host	Mouse	
Clonality	Monoclonal	
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG2a / Kappa	
Mol. Weight of Antigen	Not Known	
Cellular Localization	Nucleus	
Species Reactivity	All species, Human	
Positive Control	All. Target DNA-RNA heteroduplex (R loop) structure is not sequence-specific or species-specific.	

<sup>\*</sup>Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

## **Product Images for DNA-RNA Hybrid Antibody**



SDS-PAGE Analysis of Purified DNA-RNA Hybrid Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (S9.6). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.



#### **Specificity & Comments**

We have not tested this antibody in-house in Immunofluorescence, Immunocytochemistry, Immunoprecipitation or Cytometry. All application recommendations come from publications using this clone. DNA-RNA hybrids are a natural occurrence within eukaryotic cells and their level are high at sites of high transcriptional activity. They are non-canonical nucleic acid structures with transcriptional regulatory functions. Their presence is reported to predispose a locus to chromosomal breakage. A locus forming an DNA:RNA creates a double-stranded A/B intermediate conformation, with a second target for single-stranded nucleic acid binding proteins on the complementary, displaced DNA strand. They are shown to be resistant to the activity of DNA methyltransferases. The formation of DNA:RNA hybrids has been associated with a number of neurological diseases. Mutations in the DNA:RNA helicase senataxin (SETX) are implicated in the dominant juvenile form of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis type 4 and a recessive form of ataxia oculomotor apraxia type 2. Clone S9.6 bound the DNA-RNA heteropolymer and poly(I)-poly(dC) equally, but 100-fold higher levels of poly(A)-poly(dT) were required to achieve a similar degree of binding. Single-stranded DNA, double-stranded DNA and RNA, and ribosomal RNA were not bound by clone S9.6 (Boguslawski, S.J., et al. (1986). J. Immunol Methods. 89(1):123-130).

#### Supplied As

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

### Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **Limitations and Warranty**

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

